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## Structure Reports

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***N'*-(1-Phenylethylidene)acetohydrazide**

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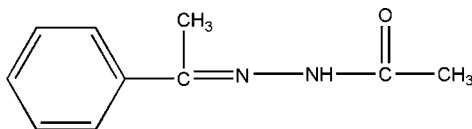
Received 30 May 2007; accepted 31 May 2007

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 294$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.049;  $wR$  factor = 0.117; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.5.

The title compound,  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O}$ , was prepared by the reaction between hypnone and acetohydrazide. Molecules form centrosymmetric dimers through  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  and weak  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds. Weak interactions between the dimers and intramolecular  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$  hydrogen-bond interactions stabilize the crystal packing.

## Related literature

For related literature, see: Cimerman *et al.* (1997); Sutherland & Hoy (1968); Tucker *et al.* (1975).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O}$   
 $M_r = 176.22$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 5.3681$  (18) Å  
 $b = 9.361$  (3) Å

$c = 19.033$  (6) Å  
 $\beta = 95.496$  (6)°  
 $V = 952.0$  (5) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

$\mu = 0.08$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 294$  (2) K

0.26 × 0.10 × 0.10 mm

## Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: none  
 5285 measured reflections

1940 independent reflections  
 882 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.070$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.049$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.117$   
 $S = 1.03$   
 1940 reflections  
 125 parameters  
 1 restraint

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.19$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.14$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N2}-\text{H2A}\cdots\text{O1}^i$	0.91 (2)	2.11 (2)	3.011 (3)	172.2 (18)
$\text{C8}-\text{H8C}\cdots\text{N2}$	0.96	2.44	2.827 (3)	103
$\text{C8}-\text{H8C}\cdots\text{O1}^i$	0.96	2.35	3.273 (3)	160

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x + 3, -y + 1, -z + 1$ .

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1997); cell refinement: *SMART*; data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 1997); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Bruker, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: AT2312).

## References

- Bruker (1997). *SMART, SAINT and SHELXTL*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.  
 Cimerman, Z., Galic, N. & Bosner, B. (1997). *Anal. Chim. Acta*, **343**, 145–153.  
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 Sutherland, H. H. & Hoy, T. G. (1968). *Acta Cryst.* **B24**, 1207–1213.  
 Tucker, P. A., Hoekstra, A., ten Cate, J. M. & Vos, A. (1975). *Acta Cryst.* **B31**, 733–737.

**supplementary materials**

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## *N'*-(1-Phenylethylidene)acetohydrazide

H.-M. Guo

### Comment

As part of our search for new schiff base compounds we synthesized the title compound (I), and we report its structure here.

The molecules are linked together to form two dimer by  $N21-H2A \cdots O1^i$  and weak  $C-H \cdots O^i$  hydrogen bonds [symmetry code: (i)  $-x + 3, -y + 1, -z + 1$ ] (Table 2 and Fig. 2). The structure is stabilized by weak-interactions between the dimers and intramolecular  $C8-H8C \cdots N2$  hydrogen bonding interactions.

### Experimental

A mixture of the hyponone (0.1 mol), and acetohydrazide (0.1 mol) was stirred in refluxing ethanol (30 ml) for 5 h to afford the title compound (0.087 mol, yield 87%). Single crystals suitable for X-ray measurements were obtained by recrystallization from ethanol at room temperature.

### Refinement

The H atom bound to the N2 atom were found from a difference Fourier map and refined freely. The other H atoms were fixed geometrically and allowed to ride on their attached atoms, with  $C-H = 0.93-0.96 \text{ \AA}$ , and with  $U_{iso} = 1.2(C)$  or  $1.5U_{eq}(C_{methyl})$ .

### Figures

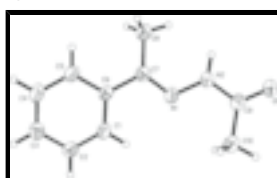


Fig. 1. View of the title compound showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atom-numbering scheme.

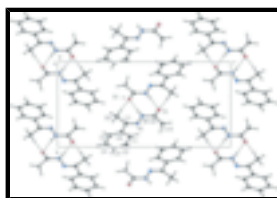


Fig. 2. A view of the  $N-H \cdots O$  and weak  $C-H \cdots O$  hydrogen-bonded dimer. [Symmetry code: (a)  $-x + 3, -y + 1, -z + 1$ ].

## *N'*-(1-Phenylethylidene)acetohydrazide

### Crystal data

$C_{10}H_{12}N_2O$

$Z = 4$

# supplementary materials

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$M_r = 176.22$	$F_{000} = 376$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	$D_x = 1.229 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 5.3681 (18) \text{ \AA}$	$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$b = 9.361 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.2\text{--}26.3^\circ$
$c = 19.033 (6) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 95.496 (6)^\circ$	$T = 294 (2) \text{ K}$
$V = 952.0 (5) \text{ \AA}^3$	Block, colourless
	$0.26 \times 0.10 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

## Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer	882 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.070$
Monochromator: graphite	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.3^\circ$
$T = 294(2) \text{ K}$	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.2^\circ$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans	$h = -6 \rightarrow 6$
Absorption correction: none	$k = -9 \rightarrow 11$
5285 measured reflections	$l = -23 \rightarrow 19$
1940 independent reflections	

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.049$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.117$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0397P)^2]$
$S = 1.03$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
1940 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
125 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.19 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
1 restraint	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.14 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: SHELXL97, $F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001 \times F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
	Extinction coefficient: 0.067 (6)

## Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculat-

ing  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	1.4564 (3)	0.56158 (18)	0.58573 (8)	0.0711 (6)
N1	1.0181 (3)	0.72134 (19)	0.46283 (10)	0.0492 (5)
N2	1.2145 (4)	0.6349 (2)	0.48995 (10)	0.0527 (6)
C1	0.5972 (4)	0.8765 (2)	0.41812 (12)	0.0505 (7)
H1	0.6218	0.8495	0.4653	0.061*
C2	0.4048 (5)	0.9687 (3)	0.39673 (12)	0.0586 (7)
H2	0.3014	1.0030	0.4294	0.070*
C3	0.3650 (5)	1.0105 (3)	0.32713 (14)	0.0616 (8)
H3	0.2363	1.0736	0.3128	0.074*
C4	0.5168 (5)	0.9580 (3)	0.27914 (13)	0.0611 (7)
H4	0.4898	0.9851	0.2320	0.073*
C5	0.7111 (4)	0.8644 (2)	0.30053 (12)	0.0560 (7)
H5	0.8125	0.8294	0.2675	0.067*
C6	0.7554 (4)	0.8228 (2)	0.37083 (11)	0.0431 (6)
C7	0.9639 (4)	0.7243 (2)	0.39541 (12)	0.0463 (6)
C8	1.0931 (5)	0.6416 (2)	0.34212 (12)	0.0623 (8)
H8A	1.2002	0.7043	0.3188	0.093*
H8B	0.9704	0.6006	0.3080	0.093*
H8C	1.1915	0.5668	0.3655	0.093*
C9	1.2788 (5)	0.6354 (3)	0.56074 (13)	0.0528 (7)
C10	1.1281 (5)	0.7261 (3)	0.60558 (12)	0.0659 (8)
H10A	1.1863	0.7125	0.6544	0.099*
H10B	0.9550	0.6994	0.5979	0.099*
H10C	1.1462	0.8248	0.5932	0.099*
H2A	1.302 (4)	0.576 (2)	0.4637 (10)	0.070 (9)*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O1	0.0738 (13)	0.0854 (13)	0.0519 (11)	0.0266 (11)	-0.0058 (10)	0.0042 (9)
N1	0.0445 (12)	0.0578 (12)	0.0446 (12)	-0.0008 (10)	-0.0001 (10)	0.0073 (10)
N2	0.0549 (14)	0.0599 (14)	0.0423 (13)	0.0097 (12)	-0.0002 (11)	0.0043 (11)
C1	0.0533 (16)	0.0593 (15)	0.0381 (14)	-0.0005 (13)	0.0000 (12)	0.0051 (12)
C2	0.0571 (17)	0.0710 (18)	0.0472 (16)	0.0068 (15)	0.0029 (13)	-0.0075 (13)
C3	0.0572 (18)	0.0659 (18)	0.0598 (18)	0.0079 (14)	-0.0053 (15)	0.0019 (14)
C4	0.0628 (19)	0.0726 (18)	0.0464 (16)	-0.0014 (15)	-0.0031 (15)	0.0140 (14)
C5	0.0569 (17)	0.0689 (17)	0.0421 (15)	-0.0012 (14)	0.0039 (12)	0.0026 (13)
C6	0.0434 (14)	0.0492 (15)	0.0362 (13)	-0.0071 (12)	0.0011 (11)	0.0000 (11)
C7	0.0466 (15)	0.0484 (14)	0.0433 (14)	-0.0056 (12)	0.0016 (12)	-0.0015 (12)
C8	0.0690 (18)	0.0666 (16)	0.0499 (15)	0.0078 (14)	-0.0017 (13)	-0.0038 (13)
C9	0.0566 (17)	0.0555 (16)	0.0460 (16)	-0.0005 (14)	0.0032 (13)	0.0029 (13)
C10	0.0755 (19)	0.0724 (18)	0.0489 (15)	0.0095 (15)	0.0013 (14)	-0.0001 (13)

## supplementary materials

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### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

O1—C9	1.235 (3)	C4—H4	0.9300
N1—C7	1.289 (2)	C5—C6	1.392 (3)
N1—N2	1.389 (2)	C5—H5	0.9300
N2—C9	1.358 (3)	C6—C7	1.490 (3)
N2—H2A	0.904 (10)	C7—C8	1.498 (3)
C1—C2	1.378 (3)	C8—H8A	0.9600
C1—C6	1.389 (3)	C8—H8B	0.9600
C1—H1	0.9300	C8—H8C	0.9600
C2—C3	1.378 (3)	C9—C10	1.496 (3)
C2—H2	0.9300	C10—H10A	0.9600
C3—C4	1.372 (3)	C10—H10B	0.9600
C3—H3	0.9300	C10—H10C	0.9600
C4—C5	1.393 (3)		
C7—N1—N2	118.3 (2)	C1—C6—C7	120.5 (2)
C9—N2—N1	118.6 (2)	C5—C6—C7	121.9 (2)
C9—N2—H2A	117.1 (14)	N1—C7—C6	114.7 (2)
N1—N2—H2A	124.3 (14)	N1—C7—C8	126.0 (2)
C2—C1—C6	121.5 (2)	C6—C7—C8	119.32 (19)
C2—C1—H1	119.2	C7—C8—H8A	109.5
C6—C1—H1	119.2	C7—C8—H8B	109.5
C1—C2—C3	120.3 (2)	H8A—C8—H8B	109.5
C1—C2—H2	119.8	C7—C8—H8C	109.5
C3—C2—H2	119.8	H8A—C8—H8C	109.5
C4—C3—C2	119.4 (2)	H8B—C8—H8C	109.5
C4—C3—H3	120.3	O1—C9—N2	119.6 (2)
C2—C3—H3	120.3	O1—C9—C10	122.5 (2)
C3—C4—C5	120.4 (2)	N2—C9—C10	117.9 (2)
C3—C4—H4	119.8	C9—C10—H10A	109.5
C5—C4—H4	119.8	C9—C10—H10B	109.5
C6—C5—C4	120.8 (2)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C6—C5—H5	119.6	C9—C10—H10C	109.5
C4—C5—H5	119.6	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C1—C6—C5	117.6 (2)	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C7—N1—N2—C9	177.5 (2)	N2—N1—C7—C6	-178.45 (18)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.1 (3)	N2—N1—C7—C8	0.4 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.7 (3)	C1—C6—C7—N1	-15.2 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.6 (4)	C5—C6—C7—N1	164.71 (19)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.2 (3)	C1—C6—C7—C8	165.8 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.6 (3)	C5—C6—C7—C8	-14.2 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C7	179.33 (19)	N1—N2—C9—O1	-178.5 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.8 (3)	N1—N2—C9—C10	1.9 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-179.2 (2)		

### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
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N2—H2A···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.91 (2)	2.11 (2)	3.011 (3)	172.2 (18)
C8—H8C···N2	0.96	2.44	2.827 (3)	103
C8—H8C···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.96	2.35	3.273 (3)	160

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+3, -y+1, -z+1$ .

Fig. 1

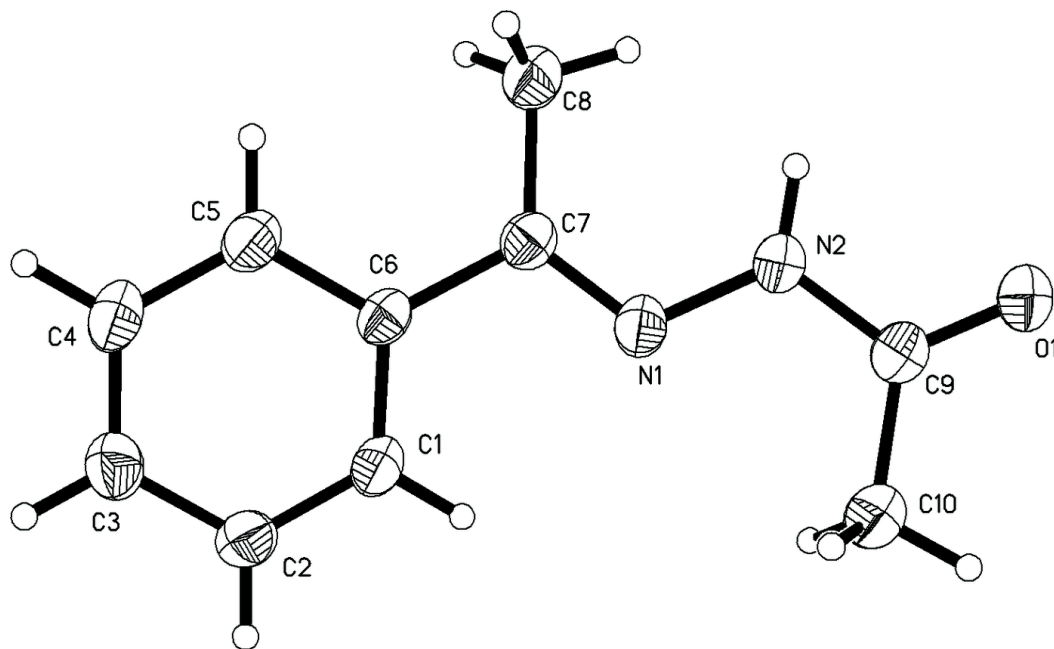




Fig. 2

